

At the end of the 19th century, many factory workers lived in small houses in the middle of smog-riddled cities and faced very bleak futures. Some businessmen realised that they could improve how much work their workers did if they made sure they were nurtured. George Cadbury was one of these men.

George had built up the Cadbury chocolate company with his brother Richard; it soon outgrew its premises in the middle of Birmingham. In 1879, they moved to the historic village of Bournville. It was so picturesque that it was nicknamed the 'Factory in a Garden'.

When Richard died in 1899, George was deeply affected. He wanted to look after his workers, so he decided to build a village for them in Bournville. He made a gift of 313 homes that they could buy and live in.

Some people began to buy these houses and sell them for profit, so George built more that could only be rented by people on a low income. Today, these houses are still rented out to families on lower incomes.

The new village was one of the first to contain parks and open spaces to make the factory workers' lives better.

FOCUS ON - WORD

1 Write a synonym for picturesque.

2 Underline the two antonyms in the sentence below.
Some people began to buy these house and sell them for profit.

3 Match the informal and formal words.

look after
buy
built
lived

purchase
inhabited
nurture
constructed

4 Add a suffix to the word in the box so that the sentence makes sense.
Write the new word in the missing part of the sentence.

realise

George and Richard Cadbury had the _____ that they could improve how much work their workers did if they were nurtured.

FOCUS ON - SENTENCE

1 Identify whether these sentences are passive or active.

sentence	passive	active
Many factory workers lived in small houses.		
The Cadbury Chocolate Company was built by George and Richard Cadbury.		
George was deeply affected.		

2 Underline the relative clause.

Some people began to buy these houses and sell them for profit, so George built more that could only be rented by people on a low income.

3 Write an adverb of possibility in the sentence to show that something did happen.

The new village was _____ one of the first to contain parks and open spaces in order to make the factory workers' lives better.

4 Circle all the modal verbs in the sentence below.

George built more houses which would only be rented to people on a low income and couldn't be bought by anyone who might have sold it on for a profit.

FOCUS ON - TEXT

1 Who are each of the underlined pronouns referring to?

sentence	businessmen	workers
Some businessmen realised that <u>they</u> could improve how much work their workers did if they made sure they were nurtured.		
Some businessmen realised that they could improve how much work <u>their</u> workers did if they made sure they were nurtured.		
Some businessmen realised that they could improve how much work their workers did if <u>they</u> made sure they were nurtured.		
Some businessmen realised that they could improve how much work their workers did if they made sure <u>they</u> were nurtured.		

2 Underline the adverbial in each sentence.

He built a village for them in Bournville.

Today, these houses are still rented out to families on lower incomes.

It quickly and unsurprisingly, outgrew its premises

3 Change the underlined verbs into the past tense.



George had built up the Cadbury chocolate company with his brother Richard but it had outgrown its premises and needed to move.



FOCUS ON - PUNCTUATION

1 Name the punctuation mark.

Many factory workers lived in small house in the middle of smog-riddled cities.

2 Tick the sentence which shows a semi-colon being used.

- It was so picturesque that it was nicknamed the 'Factory in a Garden.'
- When Richard died in 1899, George was deeply affected.
- George had built up the Cadbury Chocolate Company with his brother Richard; it soon outgrew its premises.
- At the end of the 19th century, many factory workers lived in small houses.

3 The factory workers' lives were made better due to the village being one of the first to contain parks and open spaces.

Which apostrophe has been used in the sentence above?

4 Place commas around the parenthesis.

George one of the co-founder of the Cadbury Chocolate Company gifted 313 homes to his workers to buy and live in.

Answers - Bourneville

WORD

1. E.g. pretty, beautiful, charming, quaint, scenic,
2. Some people began to buy these house and sell them for profit.
3. look after – nurture

buy – purchase

built – constructed

lived – inhabited

4. George and Richard Cadbury had the realisation that they could improve how much work their workers did if they were nurtured.

SENTENCE

1. active - Many factory workers lived in small houses.

passive - The Cadbury Chocolate Company was built by George and Richard Cadbury.

passive - George was deeply affected. (by his brother's death)

2. Some people began to buy these houses and sell them for profit, so George built more that could only be rented by people on a low income.
3. The new village was definitely/certainly/clearly one of the first to contain parks and open spaces in order to make the factory workers' lives better.
4. George built more houses which would only be rented to people on a low income and couldn't be bought by anyone who might have sold it on for a profit.

TEXT

1. **businessmen** - Some businessmen realised that they could improve how much work their workers did if they made sure they were nurtured.

businessmen - Some businessmen realised that they could improve how much work their workers did if they made sure they were nurtured.

businessmen - Some businessmen realised that they could improve how much work their workers did if they made sure they were nurtured.

workers - Some businessmen realised that they could improve how much work their workers did if they made sure they were nurtured.

2. He built a village for them in Bournville.

Today, these houses are still rented out to families on lower incomes.

It quickly and unsurprisingly outgrew its premises

3. George built up the Cadbury chocolate company with his brother Richard but it outgrew its premises and needed to move.

PUNCTUATION

1. hyphen

2. 3rd option - George had built up the Cadbury Chocolate Company with his brother Richard; it soon outgrew its premises.

3. plural possessive apostrophe

4. George, one of the co-founder of the Cadbury Chocolate Company, gifted 313 homes to his workers to buy and live in.

Different Chocolate

Not all chocolate is created equal. You might think that milk chocolate is the same all around the world, but you'd be wrong.

One of the most important ingredients in chocolate is cocoa. Some types of chocolate contain more cocoa and less milk - the more cocoa it contains, the more bitter it will be. When you shop in a supermarket, you might notice some chocolate is labelled 65% or 80% cocoa, for instance. That means that there is a lot more cocoa than in your average milk chocolate bar (Cadbury's Dairy Milk has 26% and Galaxy has 25%). In the USA, the requirements are much lower - Hershey's chocolate only contains 11% cocoa!

It's not only cocoa that affects the taste. In Europe, most milk chocolate is made using fresh milk, which gives it a certain taste and texture. However, because the USA is so big, fresh milk curdled before it could be used when chocolate was first made. Instead, they used dehydrated milk, which gave a very different taste.

Not only that, because American chocolate generally has less cocoa, it contains much more sugar. All this doesn't necessarily make it any worse; it's just an acquired taste for travelers!

FOCUS ON - WORD

1 What does the prefix mean in supermarket?

Tick **one**.

- before
- too much
- above and beyond
- better

2 Underline the suffixed words.

In the USA, the requirements are lower — Hershey's chocolate only contains 11% cocoa.

3 Match the synonyms.

same
lower
contain

identical
consist
decrease

4 Underline the antonym for sweet in the sentence below.

The more cocoa it contains, the more bitter it will be.

FOCUS ON - SENTENCE

1 Underline the subordinate clause in the sentence below.

When you shop in a supermarket, you might notice some chocolate is labelled 65% or 80% cocoa.

2 Underline the relative clause in the sentence below.

Instead, they used dehydrated milk ,which gave a very different taste.

3 Write the two modal verbs found in this sentence.

You might think that chocolate is the same all around the world, but you'd be wrong.

4 Identify the different word classes in the underlined noun phrase.

Write one letter in each box.

In Europe, most milk chocolate is made with fresh milk.

A = noun

B = determiner

C = adjective

FOCUS ON - TEXT

1 Who or what has been replaced by the underlined pronouns?

Write one answer in each box.

Because the USA is so big, fresh milk curdled before it could be used when chocolate was first made. Instead, they used dehydrated milk, which gave a very different taste.

2 Underline the conjunction in each of the sentences below.

You might think that chocolate is the same all around the world, but you'd be wrong.

You might notice some chocolate is labelled 65% or 85% cocoa.

Because America chocolate has less cocoa, it contains more sugar.

FOCUS ON - PUNCTUATION

1 Explain why the comma is needed in the sentence.

Because the USA is so big, fresh milk curdled before it could be used when chocolate was first made.

Because the USA is so big fresh milk curdled before it could be used when chocolate was first made.

2 Use a colon in the sentence below.

Chocolate tastes different in the USA dehydrated milk is used instead of fresh milk.

3 Underline the parenthesis.

That means that there is a lot more cocoa than in your average milk chocolate bar (Cadbury's Dairy Milk has 26% and Galaxy has 25%).

4 Which sentence is punctuated correctly?

Tick one.

- Not all chocolate is created equal it is different — in different countries.
- Not all chocolate is created equal — it is different in different countries.
- Not all — chocolate is created equal it is different in different countries.
- Not all chocolate — is created equal it is different in different countries.

Answers - Different Chocolate

WORD

1. 3rd option – above and beyond
 2. In the USA, the requirements are lower — Hershey's chocolate only contains 11% cocoa.
 3. same – identical
- lower – decrease
contain – consist
4. The more cocoa it contains, the more bitter it will be.

SENTENCE

1. When you shop in a supermarket, you might notice some chocolate is labelled 65% or 80% cocoa.
2. Instead, they used dehydrated milk ,which gave a very different taste.
3. might and would
4. B - most (determiner)
C - milk (adjective)
A – chocolate (noun)

TEXT

1. it – milk
they – USA
2. You might think that chocolate is the same all around the world, but you'd be wrong.
You might notice some chocolate is labelled 65% or 85% cocoa.
Because America chocolate has less cocoa, it contains more sugar.

PUNCTUATION

1. The comma is used to demarcate a subordinate clause.
2. Chocolate tastes different in the USA: dehydrated milk is used instead of fresh milk.
3. That means that there is a lot more cocoa than in your average milk chocolate bar (Cadbury's Dairy Milk has 26% and Galaxy has 25%).
4. 2nd option - Not all chocolate is created equal — it is different in different countries.

Expensive Chocolate

Chocolate has always been seen as something of a luxury - even everyday brands such as Cadbury and Galaxy advertise the luxurious and elegant qualities of their bars. However, some companies take it to a new level and target only those with deep bank balances.

It must be said that there is only so much you can do to chocolate to make it more exclusive, therefore many of the most expensive chocolates are actually made so because of the things that come with them.

For instance, the most expensive chocolate ever was something called Le Chocolat Box by Simon Jewelers. Each small box of chocolates (either 9 or 12 in a box) also contained jewellery from the designer's own collection. These gave them an eye-watering price tag of \$1.5 million per box!

Even the second most expensive - a 2008 box from Harrods made by the chocolate company Patchi - cost \$10,000 a box! However, each of the 49 chocolates was wrapped in delicate silk, placed on a cushion of leather and separated by pieces of gold, platinum and crystals.

It all makes the humble Flake seem a bit ordinary!

FOCUS ON - WORD

1 Remove the suffix from each word and write its root word.

root word	suffixed word
	advertise
	wrapped
	expensive

2 Write the determiner a or an in the missing spaces.

The second most expensive chocolate box cost _____ amazing \$10,000.

Each chocolate was wrapped in _____ delicate piece of silk, which sat on _____ opulent leather cushion, separated by numerous pieces of gold, platinum and crystals.

3 Which word class does the underlined word belong to?
Tick **one**.

Chocolate has always been something of a luxury.

- noun
- verb
- adverb
- preposition

FOCUS ON - SENTENCE

1 Tick the sentences which are passive.

- Each of the chocolates were separated by pieces of gold, platinum and crystals.
- The most expensive chocolate was made by Simon Jewelers.
- Cadbury and Galaxy advertise the luxurious and elegant qualities of their bars.
- Companies target those with deep bank balances.

2 Insert an adverb at the start of this sentence.

Remember to punctuate your answer correctly.

_____ these gave them an eye-watering price tag of \$1.5 million per box!

3 Insert a relative pronoun into the sentence below.

The most expensive chocolate box _____ was made by Simon Jewelers, cost \$1.5 million.

4 Circle the correct verb in each sentence.

- Chocolate was/were seen as something of a luxury.
- Some companies was/were to take it to a new level and made exclusive chocolate.
- The second most expensive box of chocolates was/were \$10,000 a box.
- They was/were made by the chocolate company Patchi.

FOCUS ON - TEXT

1 Tick the sentence that is written in the present perfect.

- Chocolate has always been seen as something of a luxury.
- The most expensive chocolate was called Le Chocolat Box by Simon Jewelers.
- Each of the chocolates was wrapped in delicate silk.
- These gave them an eye-watering price tag of \$1.5 million per box!

2 Tick the box which points to the adverb.

Each small box of chocolates also contained jewellery from the designer's own collection.

3 Which adverbial creates the best cohesion in the sentence below?

Tick one.

Each small box of chocolates also contained jewellery from the designer's own collection, _____ giving them an eye-watering price tag of \$1.5 million!

- therefore
- however
- occasionally
- besides

FOCUS ON - PUNCTUATION

1 What was the question to this answer?

The most expensive box of chocolates cost an eye-watering \$1.5 million.

2 What is the name of the punctuation mark which has been used at the end of this sentence?

It makes the humble Flake seem a bit ordinary!

Why has it been used in this sentence?

3 Underline the parenthesis in the sentence below.

Even the second most expensive — a 2008 box from Harrods made by the chocolate company Patchi — cost \$10,000 a box!

4 Insert a colon and two semi-colons into the sentence below.

The 49 chocolates were wrapped in delicate silk placed on a cushion of leather and separated by pieces of gold, platinum and crystals.

Answers - Expensive Chocolate

WORD

1. advert (advertise)
wrap (wrapped)
expense (expensive)

2. The second most expensive chocolate box cost an amazing \$10,000.
Each chocolate was wrapped in a delicate piece of silk, which sat on an opulent leather cushion, separated by pieces of gold, platinum and crystals.

3. adverb

SENTENCE

1. 1st option - Each of the chocolates were separated by pieces of gold, platinum and crystals.

2nd option – The most expensive chocolate was made by Simon Jewelers.

2. E.g. Unbelievably, these gave them an eye-watering price tag of \$1.5 million per box!
Remarkably, these gave them an eye-watering price tag of \$1.5 million per box!
Astonishingly, these gave them an eye-watering price tag of \$1.5 million per box!

3. The most expensive chocolate box that was made by Simon Jewelers, cost \$1.5 million.

4. Chocolate was/were seen as something of a luxury.

Some companies was/were to take it to a new level.

The second most expensive box of chocolates was/were \$10,000 a box.

They was/were made by the chocolate company Patchi.

TEXT

1. 1st option – Chocolate has always been seen as something of a luxury.
2. also
3. 1st option - therefore

PUNCTUATION

1. E.g. How much did the most expensive box of chocolates cost?
2. exclamation mark.

It shows that a sentence evokes a strong feeling, such as anger, shock, surprise, joy, fear or pain.

3. Even the second most expensive — a 2008 box from Harrods made by the chocolate company Patchi — cost \$10,000 a box!

4. The 49 chocolates: were wrapped in delicate silk; placed on a cushion of leather; and separated by pieces of gold, platinum and crystals.

While they may not be the first name you think of when you hear the word “chocolate”, the Fry brand has been around longer than any other in England.

The story of one of the most famous chocolate families in Britain began with Joseph Fry in 1753. He had just trained as a doctor and opened a small business in Bristol. It was in the port (one of the busiest in the world at the time) that he saw the sailors returning from the New World with obscure brown beans - cacao.

Fry was convinced that these cacao or cocoa beans had amazing health properties, and he began to sell them. Soon, he upgraded his factories, and by 1777 he was producing the best hot chocolate powder in Britain.

It wasn't until Fry's grandsons took over the business in 1835 that they discovered what we would know as chocolate today. By mixing cocoa with sugar and cocoa fat, they could mould it into a bar.

In 1919, Fry's became part of the Cadbury brand, and the name Fry was removed from all products in 1981. However, many people will still recognise the name Fry as being synonymous with chocolate.

FOCUS ON - WORD

1 Circle the most formal option from each box to complete the sentence.

It was in the port that Joseph Fry **saw** the sailors **getting off** boats from the New World.

spotted
observed
looked at

coming off
walking off
disembarked from

2 Which word is a synonym for the word underlined in the sentence below?

Tick **one** box.

Soon he upgraded his factories.

- sold
- unloaded
- created
- improved

3 Match the prefix to a word to create four new words.

Use each prefix and word only once.

mis
re
un
over

opened
convinced
hear
producing

FOCUS ON - SENTENCE

1 Replace the underlined word with a different coordinating conjunction.

Fry was convinced that these cacao or cocoa beans had amazing health properties, and he began to sell them.

↑

2 Insert a relative clause into the sentence below.

Joseph Fry, _____, opened a small business in Bristol.

3 Circle all the modal verbs.

Fry's grandsons discovered what we would know as chocolate today as they realised that mixing cocoa with sugar and cocoa fat, they could mould it into a bar.

4 What grammatical term is given to the words underlined in the sentence below?

Fry was producing the best hot chocolate powder in Britain.

5 Change this active sentence into a passive sentence.

Cadbury removed the name of Fry from all products.

FOCUS ON - TEXT

1 Write a subordinating conjunction in each of the spaces.

_____ opening his small business, Fry trained to be a doctor.
_____ on a visit to the port, he noticed sailors were returning with cacao beans. _____ he believed they had amazing health properties, he starting selling them.

since

before

while

2 Replace the underlined nouns with pronouns.

Frys became part of the Cadbury brand and Cadbury removed the name Fry from all Cadbury's products.

3 Insert a coordinating conjunction.

Fry might not be the name you think of when you hear the word 'chocolate', _____ the Fry brand has been around longer than any other in England.

4 Which option complete the sentence past perfect tense?

Tick one.

Fry's grandsons _____ that when the cocoa was mixed with sugar and cocoa fat, it could be moulded into a bar.

- have discovered
- has discovered
- had discovered
- discovered

FOCUS ON - PUNCTUATION

1 Re-write the sentence below, replacing the brackets with a different punctuation mark.

It was in the port (one of the busiest in the world at the time) that he saw the sailors returning from the New World with obscure brown beans.

2 Re-write this sentence using bullet points.

Fry's grandsons made chocolate by using cocoa, sugar and cocoa fat.
To make chocolate, use:

3 Which sentence has been punctuated correctly?

Tick one.

- Sailors were arriving back from the New World with something extraordinary — brown cacao beans.
- Sailors were arriving back from the New World — with something extraordinary brown cacao beans.
- Sailors were arriving back from the New World with — something extraordinary brown cacao beans.
- Sailors were arriving back — from the New World with something extraordinary brown cacao beans.

4 Insert two hyphens in the correct places in the sentence below.
Chocolate is well known for not being sugar free.

Answers - JS Fry

WORD

1. It was in the port that Joseph Fry **observed** the sailors **disembarking from** boats from the New World.
2. 4th option – improved
3. mishear
reopened
unconvinced
overproducing

SENTENCE

1. Fry was convinced that these cacao or cocoa beans had amazing health properties, so he began to sell them.
2. E.g. Joseph Fry, who had trained as a doctor, opened a small business in Bristol.
Joseph Fry, who produced the best hot chocolate powder in Britain, opened a small business in Bristol.
3. Fry's grandsons discovered what we **would** know as chocolate today as they realised that mixing cocoa with sugar and cocoa fat, they **could** mould it into a bar.
4. expanded noun phrase
5. The name Fry was removed from all products by Cadbury.

TEXT

1. **Before** opening his small business, Fry trained to be a doctor. **While** on a visit to the port, he noticed sailors were returning with cacao beans. **Since** he believed they had amazing health properties, he started selling them.
2. Fry's became part of the Cadbury brand and **they** removed the name Fry from all **their** products.
3. Fry might not be the name you think of when you hear the word 'chocolate', **but/yet** the Fry brand has been around longer than any other in England.
4. 3rd option – had discovered

PUNCTUATION

1. It was in the port, one of the busiest in the world at the time, that he saw the sailors returning from the New World with obscure brown beans.
It was in the port — one of the busiest in the world at the time — that he saw the sailors returning from the New World with obscure brown beans.
2. Fry's grandsons made chocolate by using cocoa, sugar and cocoa fat.
To make chocolate, use:
 - cocoa
 - sugar
 - cocoa fat
3. 1st option – Sailors were arriving back from the New World with something extraordinary — brown cacao beans.
4. Chocolate is well-known for not being sugar-free.

Mesoamerica

Chocolate has been a favoured dish for centuries. Tribes in Mesoamerica (an area that covers Mexico, Costa Rica, Honduras and more today) considered it one of their most important foods.

The Aztec, Maya and Olmec civilisations were brewing hot chocolate drinks as far back as 1900 BCE. The Olmec were the earliest known civilisation to do this; they used to drink it from special cups called tecomates. The Maya and Aztec also had special vessels to drink this most important beverage from, but theirs were much taller and richly decorated.

These early drinks were made from different varieties of the cacao bean (the Aztecs called them cacahuatl). The drink itself was called xocolatl (it's pronounced shoc-o-lat-ul), which is most likely where the word chocolate comes from. Cacao beans were so highly valued that the Aztecs used them as currency!

Early chocolate drinks would have been much more watery and bitter than modern chocolate but were often flavoured with things like honey or vanilla. It wasn't until much later on that milk chocolate was invented.

FOCUS ON - WORD

1 Identify the adverbs in the sentence below.
Tick **two** boxes.

<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
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Cacao beans were so highly valued that the Aztecs used them as currency.

2 Match the prefixes to each of the words below?
Each prefix can only be used once.

dis
un
re
de

considered
valued
covers
flavoured

3 Write an antonym of the underlined word in the box to complete the sentence.

--

_____ chocolate drinks would have been much more watery and bitter than modern chocolate.

FOCUS ON - SENTENCE

1 Which verb tense is underlined in the sentence? Tick one.

The Aztecs, Maya and Olmec civilisations were brewing hot chocolate drinks as far back as 1900BCE.

- present progressive
- past progressive
- present perfect
- past perfect

2 Underline the relative clause in the sentence below.

The drink itself was called xocolatl, which is most likely where the word chocolate comes from.

3 Insert an adverb of possibility into the sentence below without changing its meaning.

Chocolate has _____ been a favoured dish for centuries.

maybe definitely perhaps unlikely

4 Tick the sentence which means the same as the one written underneath.

- Early chocolate drinks would have been more watery and bitter than modern chocolate.
- Early chocolate drinks may have been more watery and bitter than modern chocolate.
- Early chocolate drinks might have been more watery and bitter than modern chocolate.
- Early chocolate drinks should have been more watery and bitter than modern chocolate.
- Early chocolate drinks will have been more watery and bitter than modern chocolate.

FOCUS ON - TEXT

1 Underline the possessive pronoun.

The Maya and Aztec also had special vessels to drink from, but theirs were much taller and richly decorated.

2 Match the sentence to the verb tense.

The Maya and Aztec also had special vessels.	present
Chocolate has been a favoured dish for centuries.	present perfect
(It's pronounced shoc-o-lat-ul.)	past

3 Tick one box in each row to show whether the clause underlined is main or subordinate.

sentence	main clause	subordinate clause
<u>Because early chocolate drinks would have been much more watery and bitter than modern chocolate,</u> they were often flavoured with things like honey or vanilla.		
Because early chocolate drinks would have been much more watery and bitter than modern chocolate, <u>they were often flavoured with things like honey or vanilla.</u>		
<u>The Olmec drank from their own special cups called tecomates,</u> while the Maya and Aztec had their own taller and richly decorated drinking vessels to drink from.		
The Olmec drank from their own special cups called tecomates, <u>while the Maya and Aztec had their own taller and richly decorated drinking vessels to drink from.</u>		

FOCUS ON - PUNCTUATION

1 Insert the missing comma into the sentence below.

Cacao beans were highly valued so the Aztecs used them as currency.

2 Which sentence has been punctuated correctly?

Tick one.

- (The Olmec) use to drink chocolate from special cups tecomates.
- The Olmec use to drink chocolate from (special cups tecomates).
- The Olmec use to drink chocolate from special cups (tecomates).
- The Olmec use to drink (chocolate) from special cups tecomates.

3 Identify the punctuation mark.

The Olmec were the earliest known civilisation to do this; they used to drink it from special cups called tecomates.

↑

4 Which sentence uses the apostrophe correctly?

Tick one.

- The Olmec Tribes special drinking cup's were called tecomates.
- The Olmec Tribe's special drinking cups were called tecomates.
- The Olmec Tribes special drinking cups' were called tecomates.
- The Olmec Tribes special drinking cups were called tecomate's.

Answers - Mesoamerica

WORD

1. so and highly
2. discovers
unflavoured
devalued
reconsidered
3. **Ancient** chocolate drinks would have been much more watery and bitter than modern chocolate.

SENTENCE

1. 2nd option – past progressive
2. The drink itself was called xocolatl, which is most likely where the word chocolate comes from.
3. Chocolate has definitely been a favoured dish for centuries.
4. 4th option - Early chocolate drinks will have been more watery and bitter than modern chocolate.

TEXT

1. The Maya and Aztec also had special vessels to drink from, but theirs were much taller and richly decorated.
2. past – The Maya and Aztec also had special vessels.
present perfect - Chocolate has been a favoured dish for centuries.
present - (It's pronounced choc-o-lat-ul.)
3. subordinate
main
main
subordinate

PUNCTUATION

1. Cacao beans were highly valued, so the Aztecs used them as currency.
2. The Olmec use to drink chocolate from special cups (tecomates).
3. semi-colon
4. 2nd option - The Olmec Tribe's special drinking cups were called tecomates.